

November 17, 2014

Bernice Cipparrone, Executive Director, Atkinson Centre, OISE/UT
bcipparrone@georgebrown.ca.

Kerry McCuaig, Fellow Early Childhood Policy
Kerry.mccuaig@utoronto.com. Phone: 647 295 2808

Comments on Bill 10, An Act to enact the Child Care and Early Years Act, 2014, to repeal the Day Nurseries Act, to amend the Early Childhood Educators Act, 2007, the Education Act and the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities Act and to make consequential and related amendments to other Acts.

that boards not raise excess revenue from extended day programming for purposes not associated with the program must remain in place.

care, it should not be forgotten that in the mid-1980s the ministry tested this model for

PEI: Up to 5 children any age including the provider's own pre-school children. If all are

training course.

The supervisor and primary staff in each room must have ECE training.
The providers in all regulated settings must be at least 19 years of age and have a first-aid certificate and a clear criminal record with regard to offences respecting a child.

NUNAVUT

There are no minimum training requirements in any child care settings in Nunavut. The provider's in all regulated settings must be at least 19 years of age and have a first-aid certificate and a clear criminal record with regard to offences respecting a child.

YUKON

In child care centres in the Yukon, 20% of the staff working with children must have two or more years of training in early childhood development (ECD). An additional 30% of staff must have at least one year of training in ECD, and the remaining staff must have a minimum 60-hour introductory ECD course.

The care provider in a regulated family day care home must complete a 60 hour introductory early childhood development course, and a specific family day home course or equivalent within the first year they provide care for children. Family day care home providers must be 18 years of age, have a first-aid certificate and a criminal records check.